

# Constraining dark matter content of galaxies: combining **stellar kinematics** and **integrated HI** spectrum

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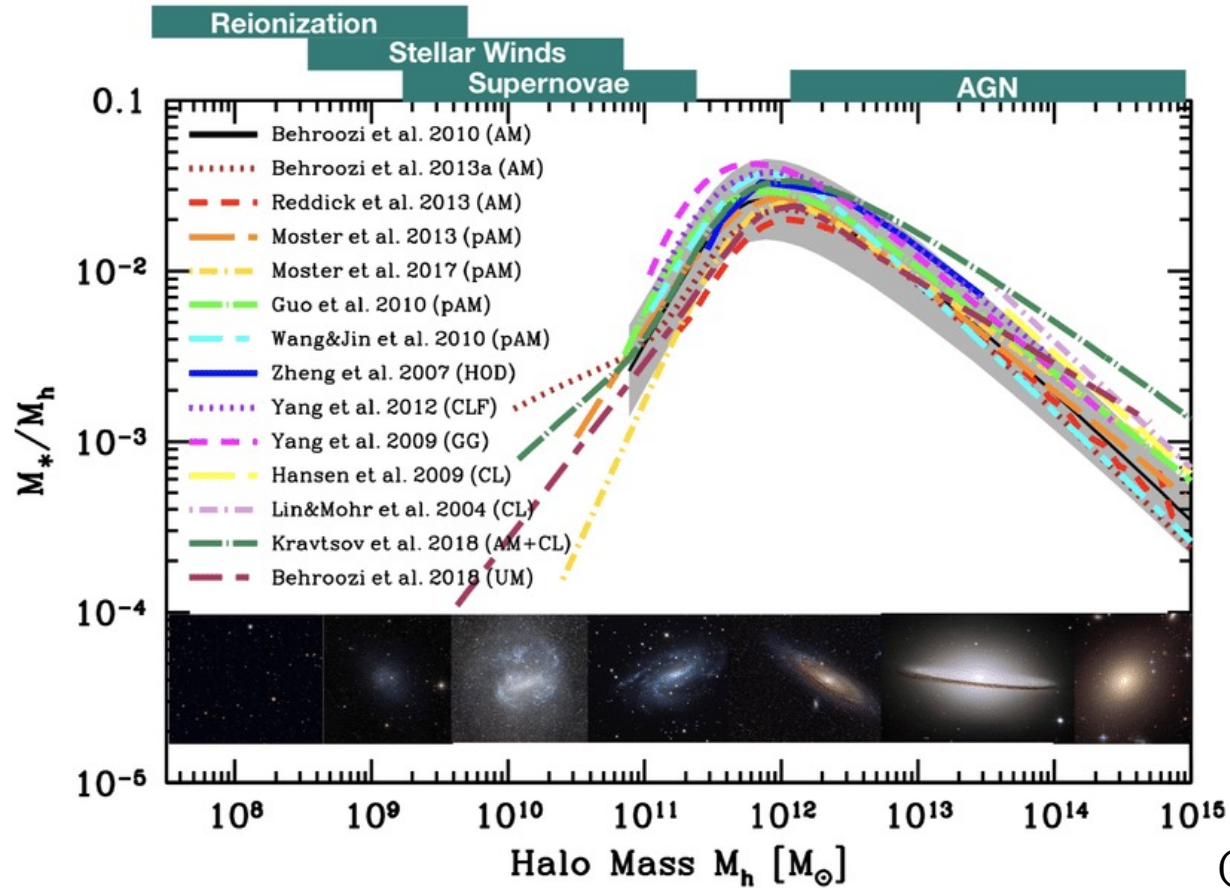
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**Collaborator: Meng Yang**

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# Introduction

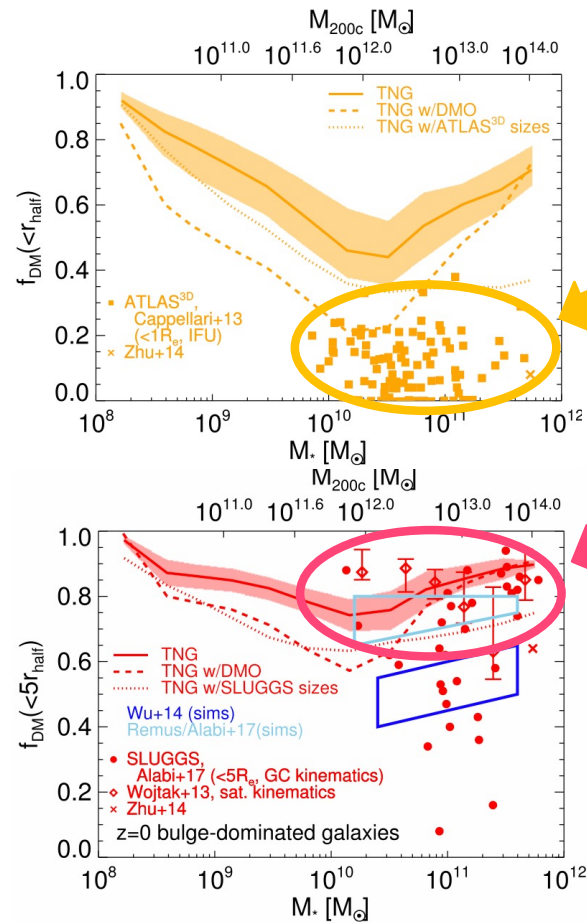
# Stellar-to-halo mass relation



The total mass of the halo ( $M_h$ ) can't directly get from observation!



# Dark matter fraction



(Lovell et al. 2018)

➤ Dynamical modeling can tell us the dark matter fraction in different aperture by different **kinematics tracers**.

➤ Stellar kinematic(IFU survey): Atlas3D, MaNGA, CALIFA; only cover **inner region** of galaxy.

➤ GCS, PNe: Only **massive haloes** have enough samples to make dynamical modeling.

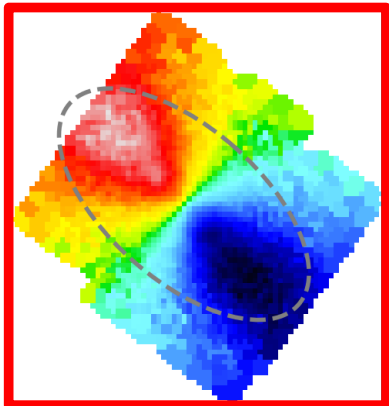
➤ There is still lack accurate measurement of dark matter mass in a large sample of galaxies that can represent the universal characteristics of the nearby universe.

➤ **HI kinematics.**

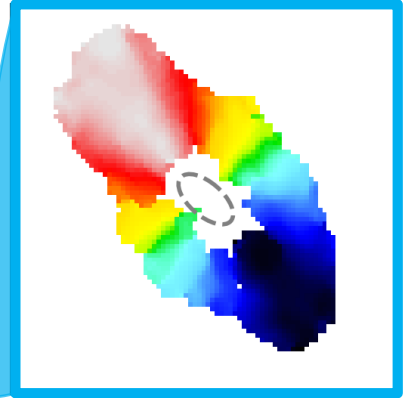
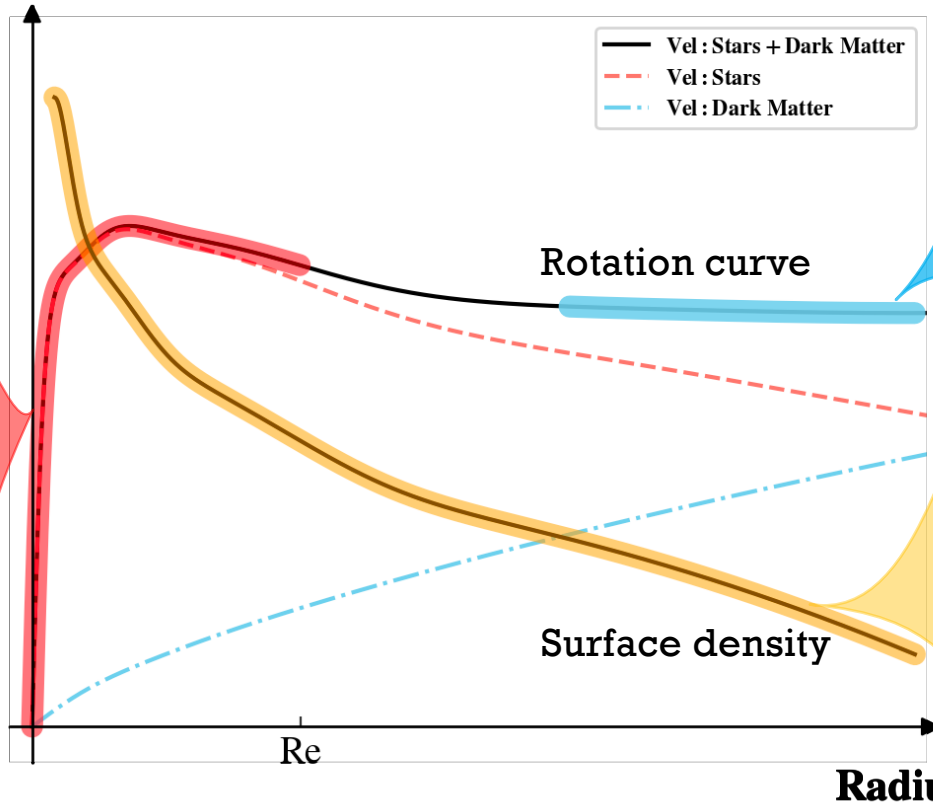


# Different dynamical tracer

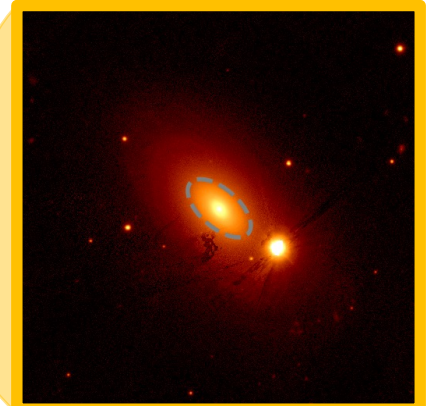
The dashed grey line indicate the  $1-R_e$  of this galaxy.



IFU observation



VLA HI observation



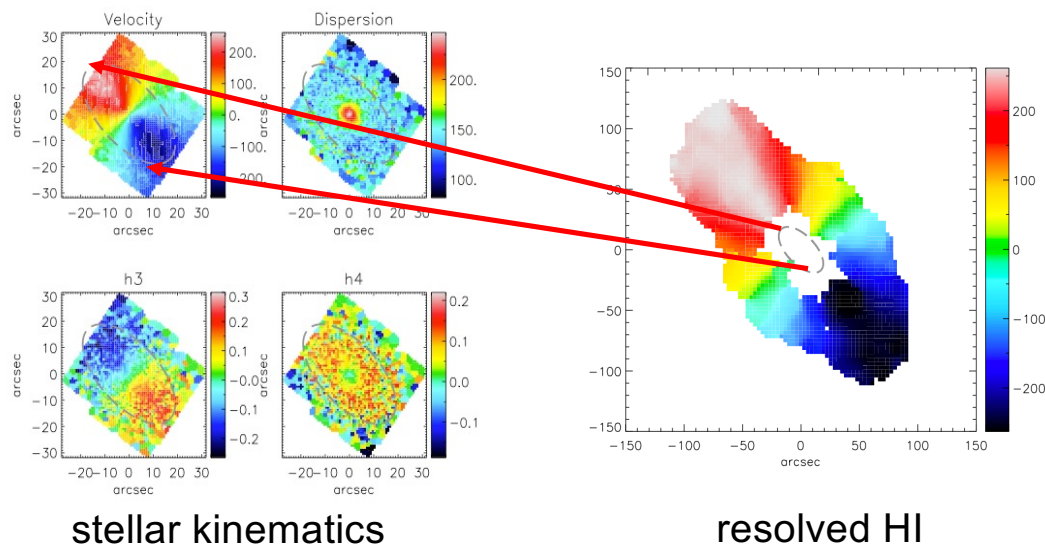
NGC 2974 r-band image

(modify Taranu et al. 2017 Fig 1 )

# Break dm-baryon degeneracy: IFU + Extended kinematics tracers in galaxies

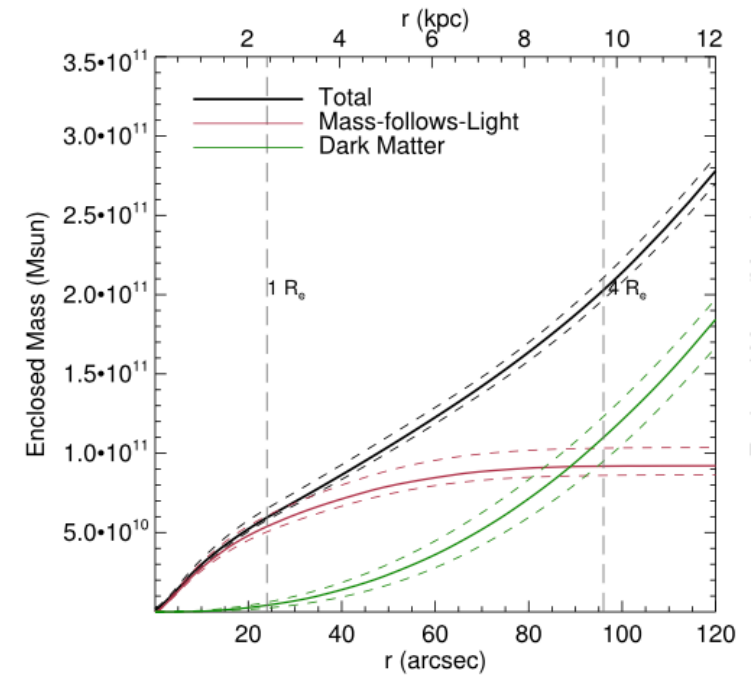
## Dynamical modeling

- Stellar kinematics: Schwarzschild's orbit-superposition model.
- HI kinematics: cold thin disk model.



stellar kinematics

resolved HI



(Yang & Zhu et al.2020)

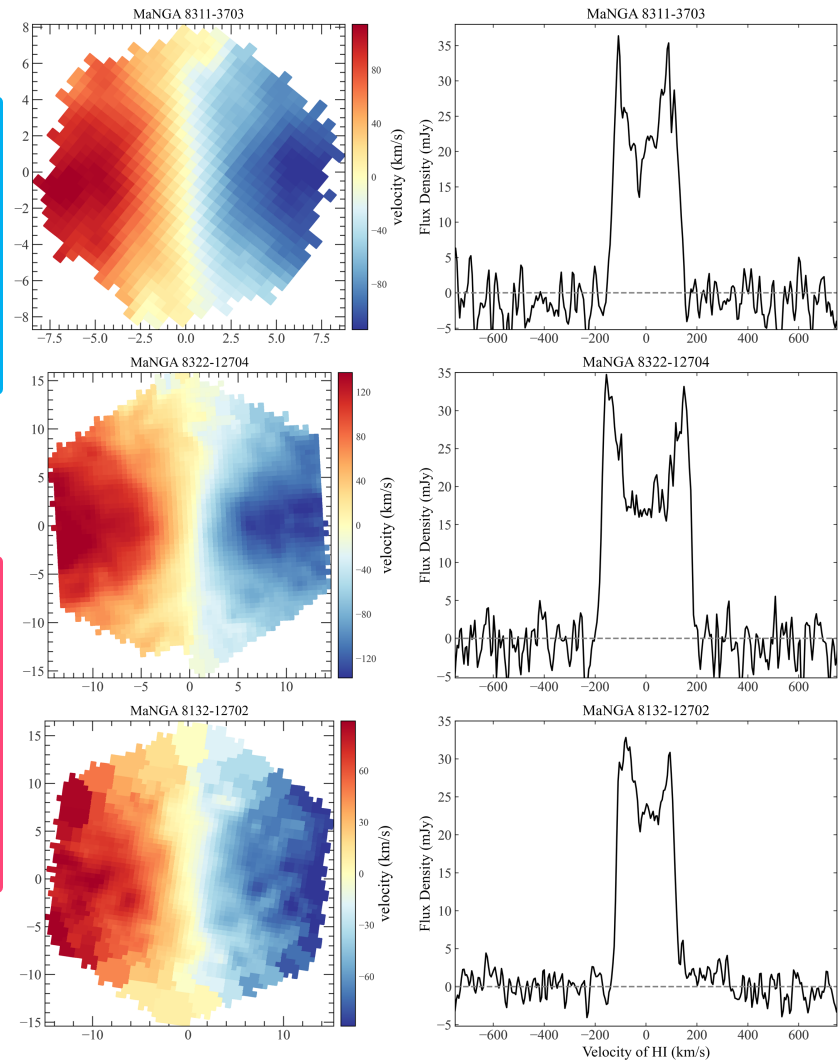
# For large sample: Single Dish Data vs Array Data

- Resolved HI :
  - spatially resolved.
  - expensive, few sample.

- integrated HI spectrum:
  - efficiently obtained with short, single-dish observations.
  - archives sample: ALFALFA, HIPASS (~  $10^4$  low-redshift galaxies).
  - IFU follow-up survey: HI-MaNGA, FAST.
  - spatially unresolved. More assumptions are needed.

velocity

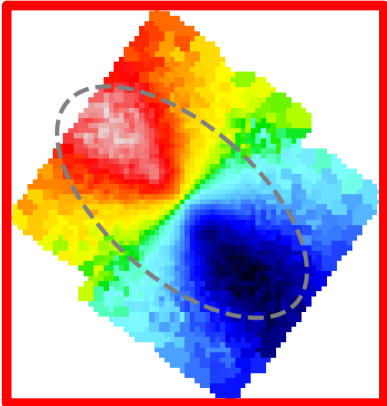
HI spectrum



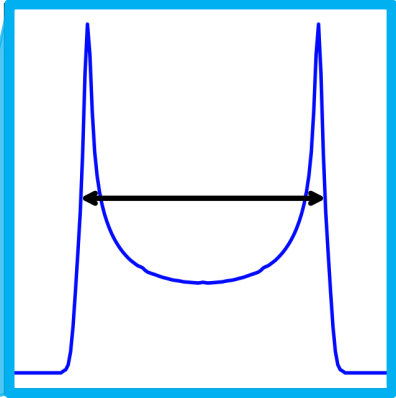
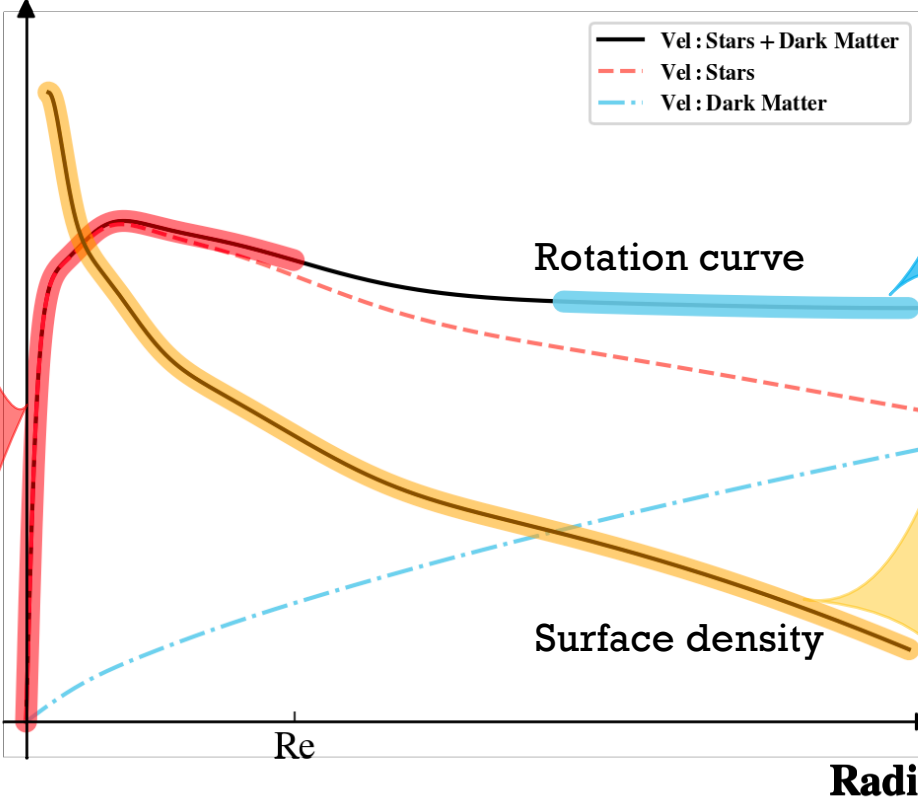


# Different dynamical tracer

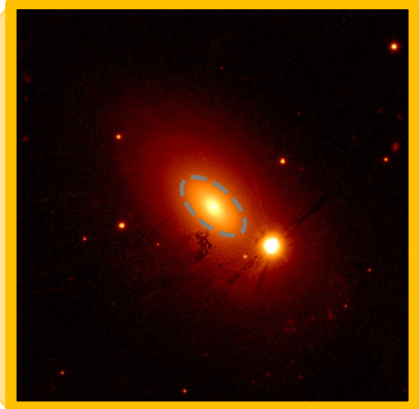
The dashed grey line indicate the  $1-R_e$  of this galaxy.



IFU observation



Integrated H $\alpha$  spectrum

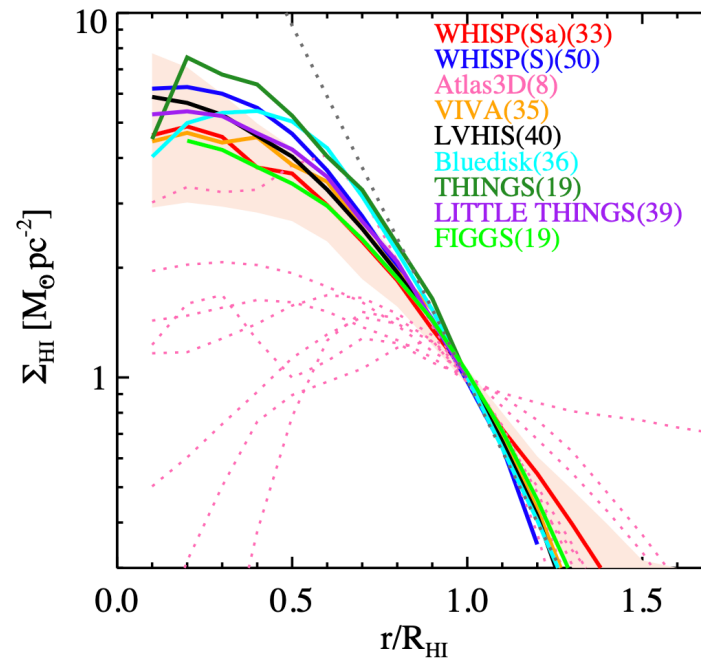
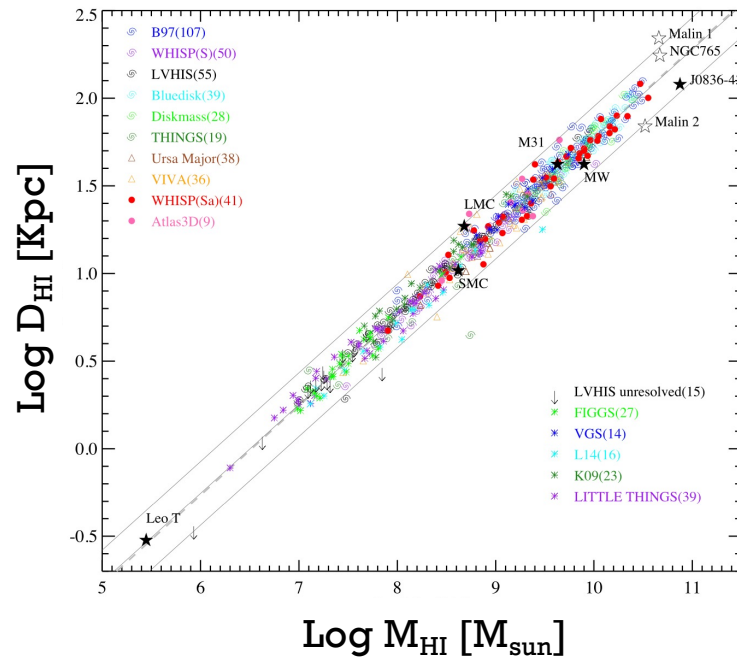


NGC 2974 r-band image

(modify Taranu et al. 2017 Fig 1 )



# Modeling HI spectrum

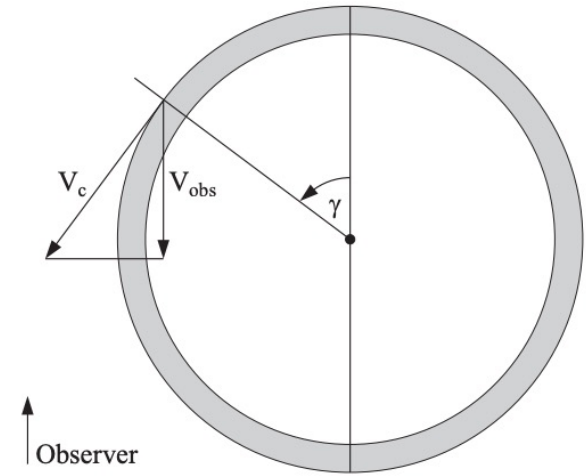
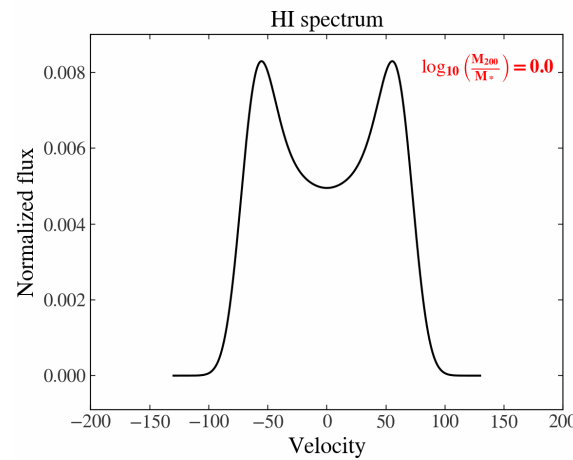
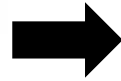
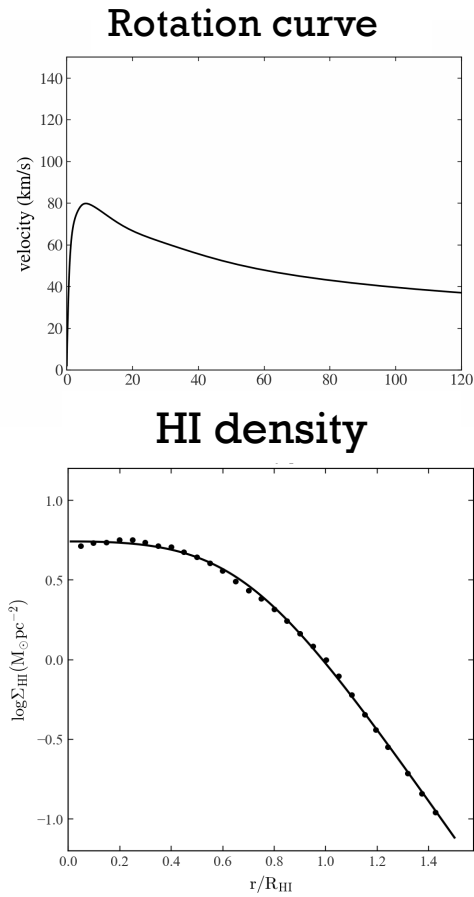


- the HI **size–mass** ( $D_{\text{HI}} - M_{\text{HI}}$ ) **relation** of galaxies is remarkably tight.
- HI density profile show a **homogeneous shape in the outer regions**, which is well described by an exponential function.

(Wang et al.2016)

# Modeling integrated HI spectrum

- HI mass-weighted distribution of line-of-sight velocities.



$$\tilde{\psi}(V_{\lambda}, V_c) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{\pi \sqrt{V_c^2 - V_{\lambda}^2}} & \text{if } |V_{\lambda}| < V_c \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$\psi(V_{\lambda}, V_c) = \frac{\sigma_{\text{HI}}^{-1}}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} dV \exp \left[ \frac{(V_{\lambda} - V)^2}{-2\sigma_{\text{HI}}^2} \right] \tilde{\psi}(V, V_c).$$

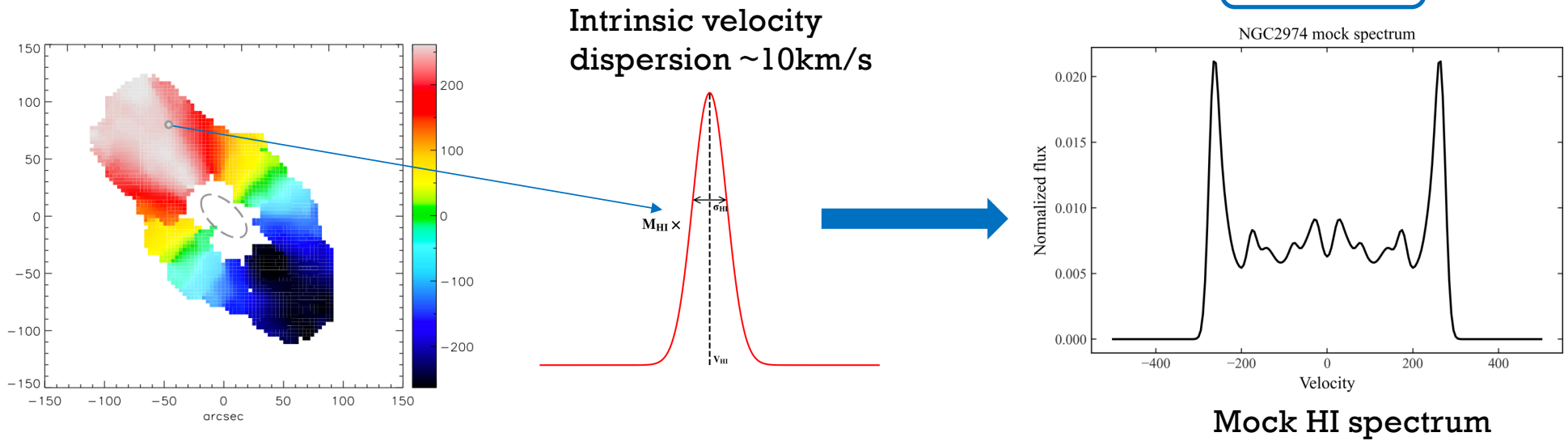
$$\Psi_{\text{HI}}(V_{\lambda}) = \frac{2\pi}{M_{\text{HI}}} \int_0^{\infty} dr r \Sigma_{\text{HI}}(r) \psi(V_{\lambda}, V_c(r))$$

(Obreschkow et al. 2009)

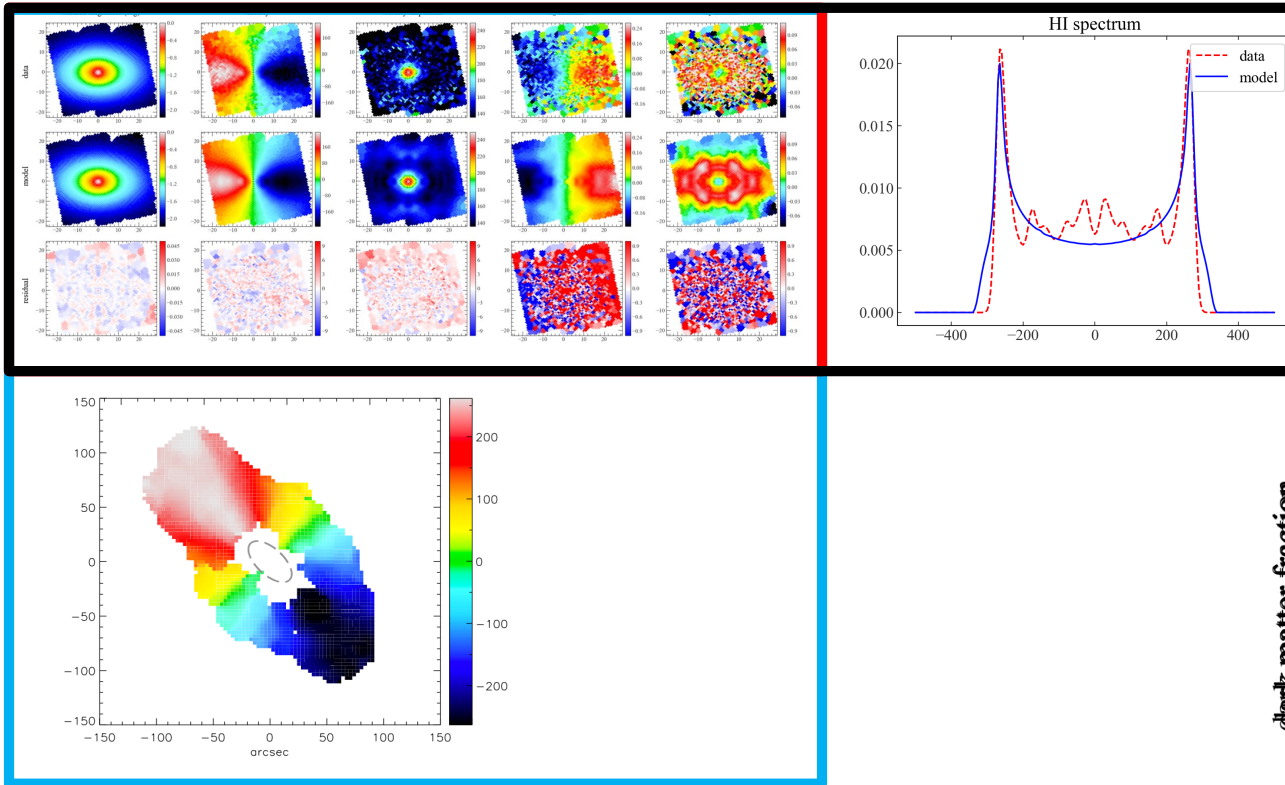
# Method test

# Test with mock data

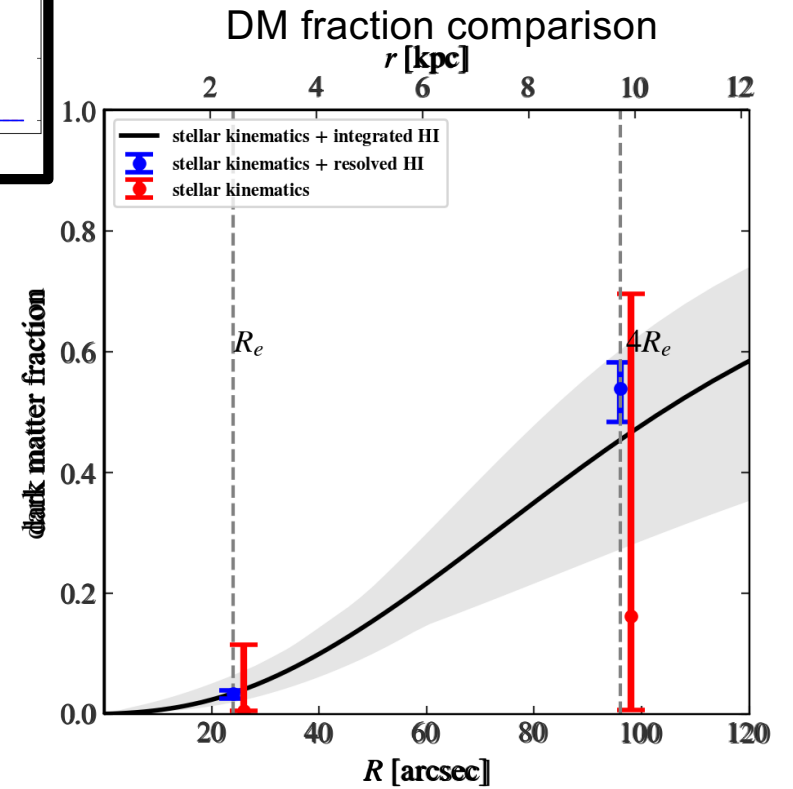
- Stellar kinematics modeling : Schwarzschild's orbit-superposition model.
- HI kinematics modeling: generate mock integrated spectrum with resolved HI of NGC 2974.



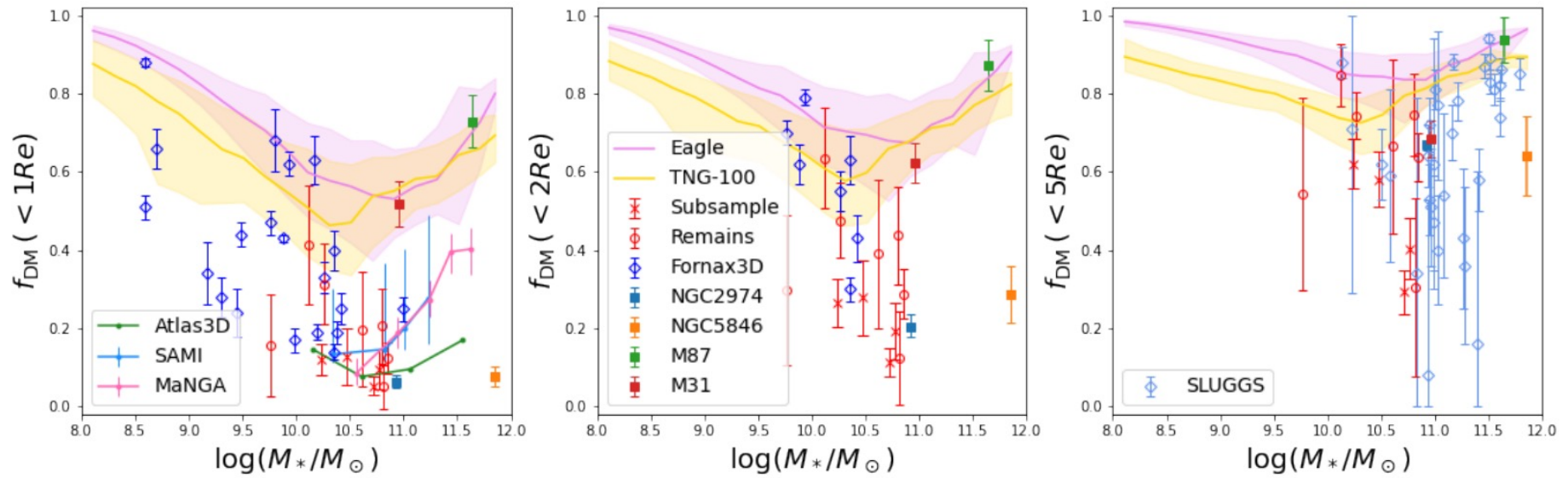
# Test with mock data: result



- consistent with IFU + resolved HI (Yang & Zhu et al. 2020) within 1-sigma uncertainty.
- combining integrated HI spectrum break dark matter-baryon degeneracy.



# Dark matter fraction

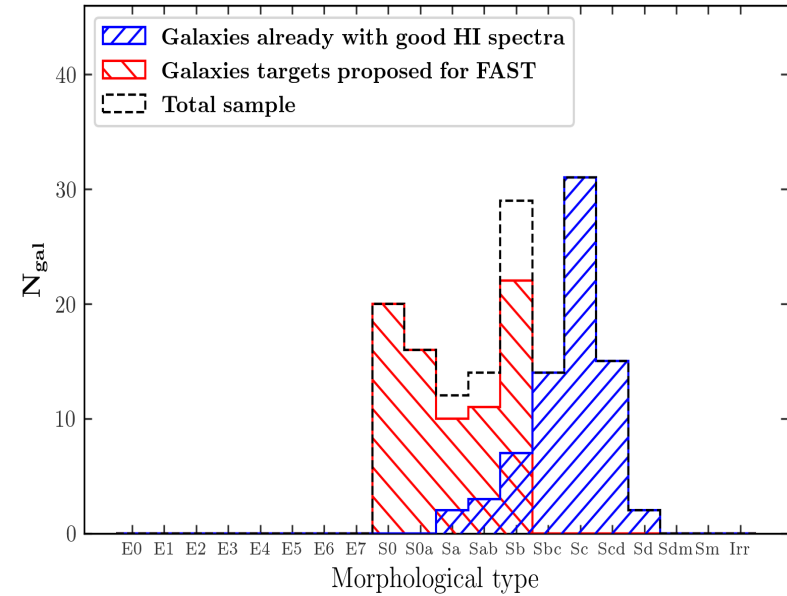
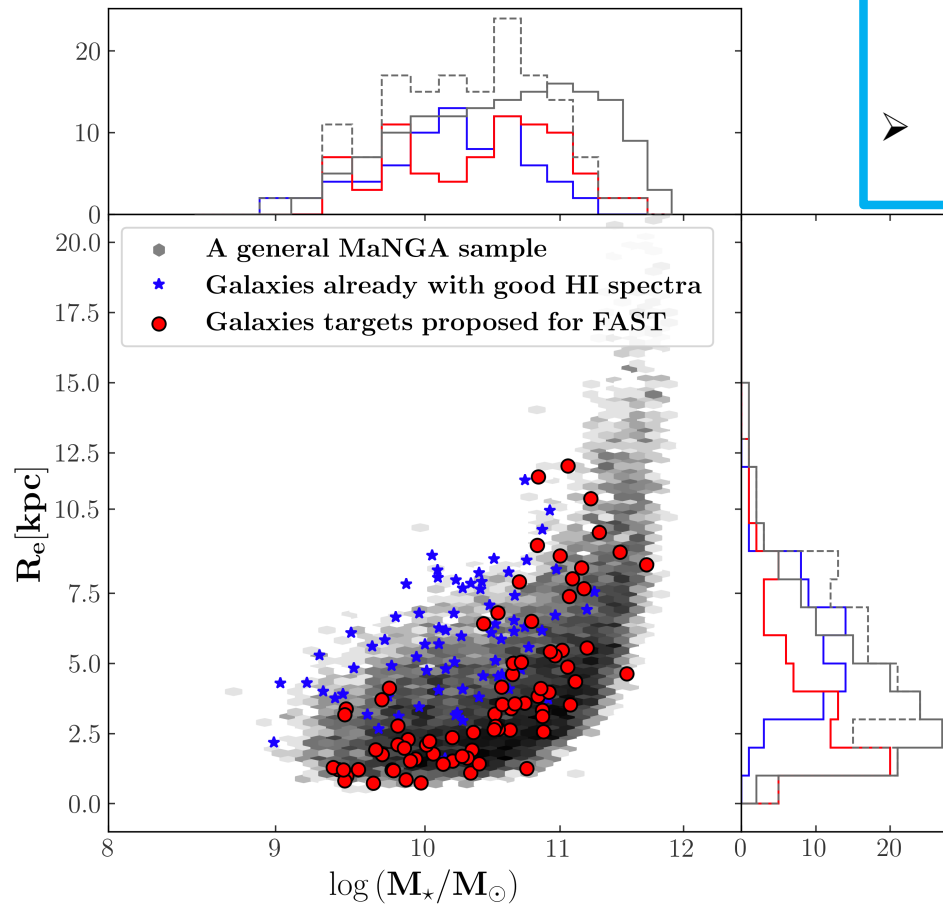


(Yang & Zhu et al. in prep.)



# Scientific goal

- To build a representative sample in the mass-size plane and across a wider range of Hubble types, combining HI-MaNGA and FAST observations.
- we current have 45 galaxies in HI-MANGA , and we are granted fast observation time for 79 galaxies.







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- We develop a method: combining stellar kinematics and integrated HI spectrum to constrain dark matter in galaxies.
  - We test our method with mock HI spectrum. We find our method can break dark matter-baryon degeneracy.
  - We plan to apply this method to about one hundred samples from MaNGA which also observed by ALFALFA, GBT and FAST.

**THANKS!**